Operation and maintenance means work performed by the participant to keep the applied conservation practice functioning for the intended purpose during its life span. Operation includes the administration, management, and performance of non-maintenance actions needed to keep the completed practice safe and functioning as intended. Maintenance includes work to prevent deterioration of the practice, repairing damage, or replacement of the practice to its original condition if one or more components fail.

Participant means an applicant who is a party to a CFO contract.

Secretary means the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture.

State conservationist means the NRCS employee authorized to direct and supervise NRCS activities in a State, the Caribbean Area, or the Pacific Basin Area.

State technical committee means a committee established by the Secretary in a state pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 3861.

Technical assistance means the personnel and support resources needed to conduct conservation planning; conservation practice survey, layout, design, installation, and certification; training, certification, and quality assurance for professional conservationists; and evaluation and assessment of the program.

Unit of concern means a parcel of agricultural land that has natural resource conditions that are of concern to the participant.

§ 1468.4 Establishing Conservation Farm Option (CFO) pilot project areas.

- (a) CCC may periodically solicit proposals from the public to establish pilot project areas in the FEDERAL REGISTER.
- (b) Pilot projects may involve one or more participants. Each owner or producer within an approved pilot project area must submit an application in order to be considered for enrollment in the CFO. This pilot project area may be a watershed, a subwatershed, an area, or an individual farm that can be geographically described and has specific environmental sensitivities or sig-

nificant soil, water, and related natural resource concerns. The pilot project area must have acreage enrolled in a production flexibility contract, which is authorized by the Agricultural Marketing and Transition Act of 1996. After these pilot project area proposals are received, the Chief, with FSA concurrence, will select proposals for funding.

- (c) CCC will select pilot project areas based on the extent the individual proposal:
- (1) Demonstrates innovative approaches to conservation program delivery and administration;
- (2) Proposes innovative conservation technologies and system;
- (3) Provides assurances that the greatest amount of environmental benefits will be delivered in a cost effective manner;
- (4) Ensures effective monitoring and evaluation of the pilot effort;
- (5) Considers multiple stakeholder participation (partnerships) within the pilot area:
- (6) Provides additional non-Federal funding: and
- (7) Addresses the following:
- (i) Conservation of soil, water, and related natural resources,
- (ii) Water quality protection or improvement,
- (iii) Wetland restoration and protection, and
- (iv) Wildlife habitat development and protection,
- (v) Or other similar conservation purposes.

§1468.5 General provisions.

- (a) Program participation is voluntary.
- (b) Participation in the CFO is limited to producers of wheat, feed grains, cotton, or rice who have a production flexibility contract, in accordance with part 1412 of this chapter, on the farm enrolling in CFO and who are eligible for either CRP (7 CFR part 1410), EQIP (7 CFR part 1466), or WRP (7 CFR part 1467).
- (c) The participant is responsible for the development of a conservation farm plan for the farm or ranch and may request assistance from NRCS or a third party in writing both the conservation farm plan and installing the